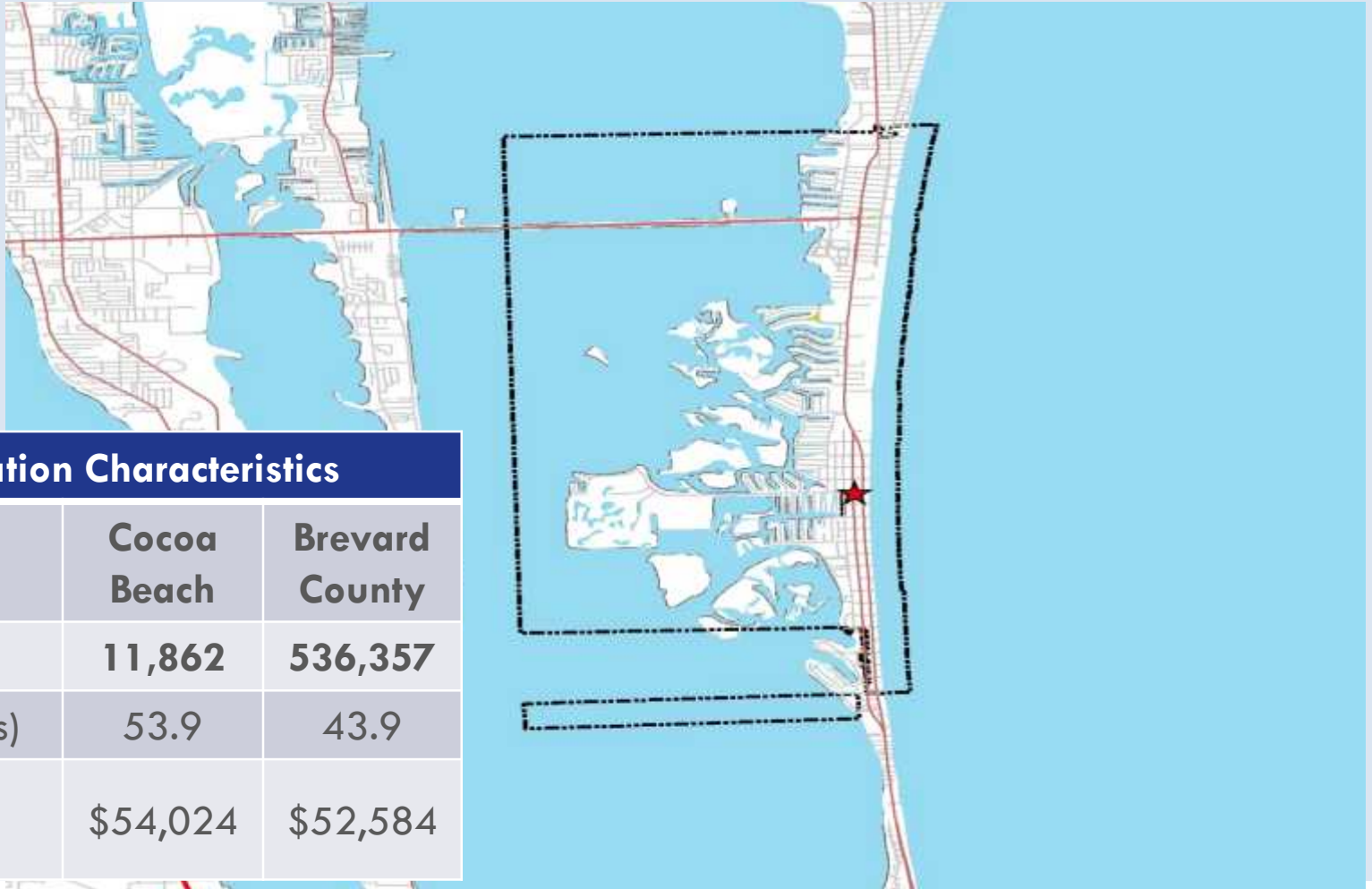


City of Cocoa Beach CRA  
Economic & Market Assessment  
(Downtown Cocoa Beach Vision &  
Redevelopment Plan)



# Cocoa Beach Economic & Demographic Conditions

# City of Cocoa Beach Population

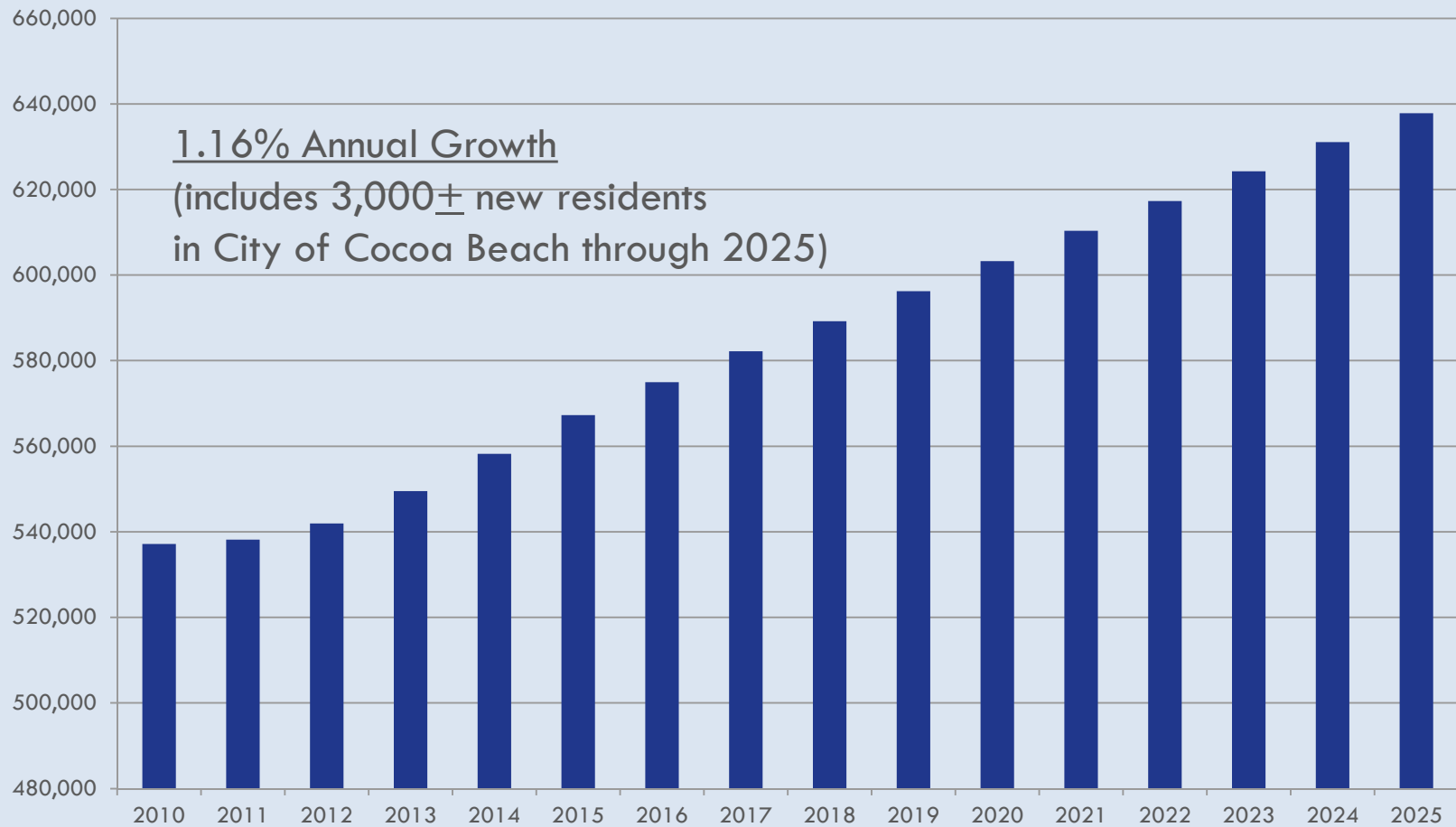


## 2009 Population Characteristics

|                          | Cocoa Beach   | Brevard County |
|--------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| <b>Total Population</b>  | <b>11,862</b> | <b>536,357</b> |
| Median Age (years)       | 53.9          | 43.9           |
| Median Household Income* | \$54,024      | \$52,584       |

Source: US Census; ESRI; Decision Data Resources; \*2008 figure adjusted for inflation through 2010

# Brevard Population Projections

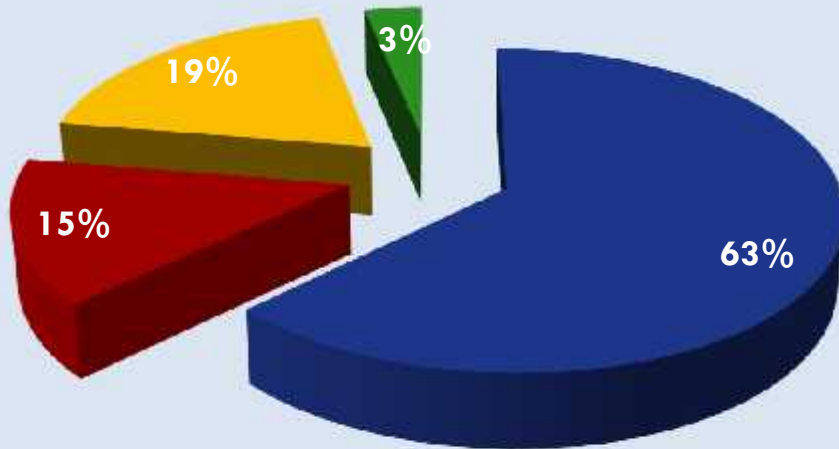


Source: Florida Office of  
Economic and Demographic  
Research (09/2009)

# VISITOR PROFILE



# Day-Trip & Overnight Visitors



■ Hotel/Motel   ■ Rental Property  
■ Friends/Family   ■ Campgrounds

## 2009 Overnight Visitors (Annual)

|                       |                  |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| <b>Total Visitors</b> | <b>2,395,000</b> |
| Average Party Size    | 3.61 Persons     |
| Avg. Length of Stay   | 3.91 Days        |
| Avg. Number/Room      | 1.35 Persons     |

## 2009 Day Trippers (Annual)

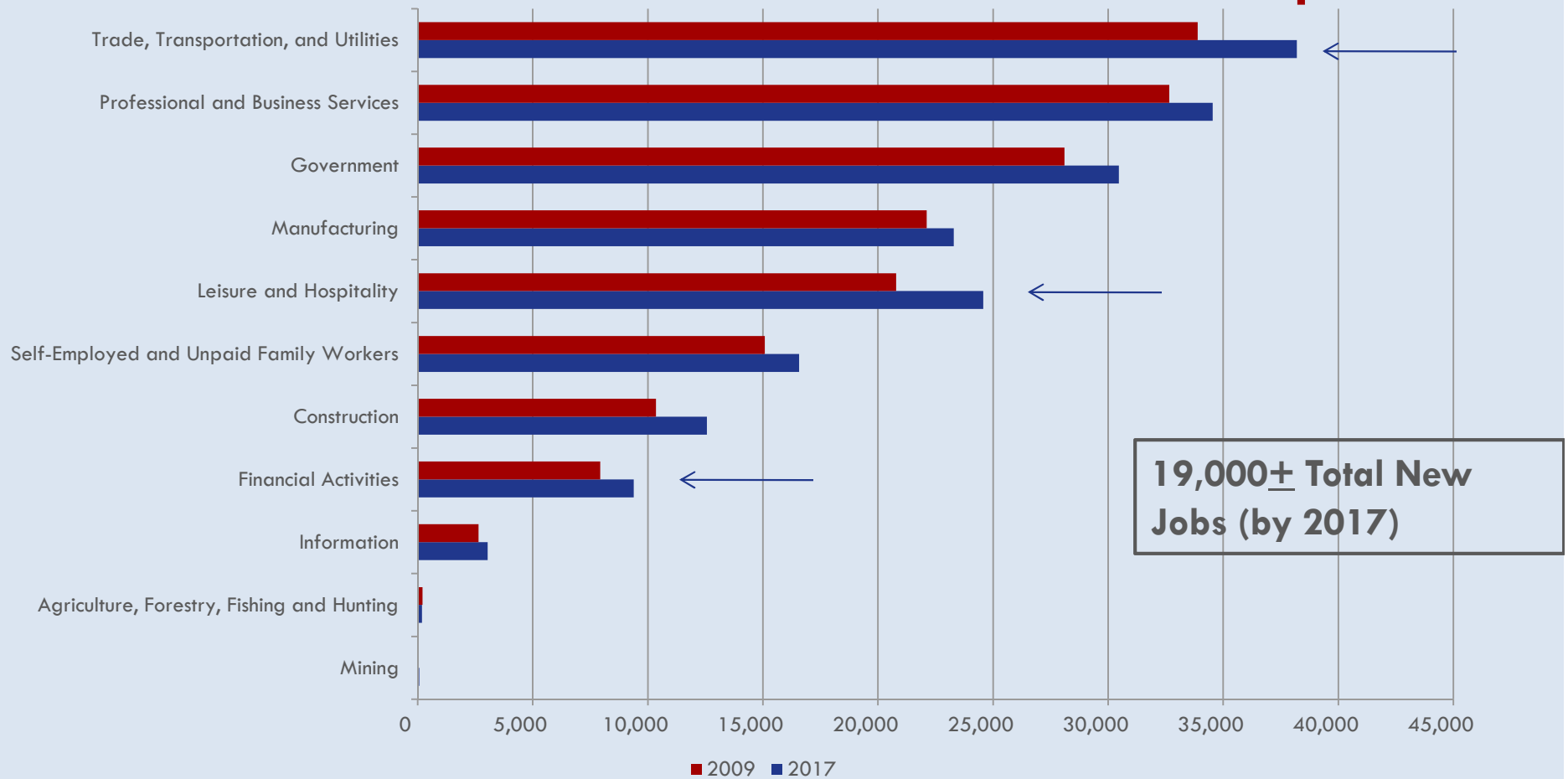
|                    |                  |
|--------------------|------------------|
| <b>Visitors</b>    | <b>2,261,489</b> |
| Average Party Size | 3.59 Persons     |

Source: Florida Space Coast Office of Tourism (based upon survey prepared by PMG released in 2009)

# Brevard County Visitor Expenditure

| Category      | Total /Stay    | Per day      |
|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| Lodging       | \$754          | \$193        |
| Other hotel   | \$202          | 52           |
| Eat/Drink     | \$413          | \$106        |
| Retail        | \$373          | \$95         |
| Entertainment | \$101          | \$26         |
| <b>TOTAL</b>  | <b>\$1,843</b> | <b>\$471</b> |

# Brevard County Employment Projections



Source: State of Florida Agency for Workforce Innovation (Q4 2009)



# Regional Economic Outlook (Kennedy Space Center)

- Environment of Uncertainty
- NASA to discontinue shuttle launches early 2011
  - Constellation Program presently on hold
  - US government pledges \$40 million to help Space Coast workers affected
- Potential Impact on Employment
  - 23,000 total jobs affected
  - 9,000 direct from KSC
  - 14,000 indirect (Hotels, Restaurants, etc.)

# Economic/Market Highlights

- Relatively strong demographics
  - Steady population growth
  - Positive employment projections
- Established visitor market
  - Large day-trip and overnight demand base
- Defining Cocoa Beach demand drivers:
  - Resident base
  - Day-trip visitor
  - Overnight visitor

# Real Estate Market Overview



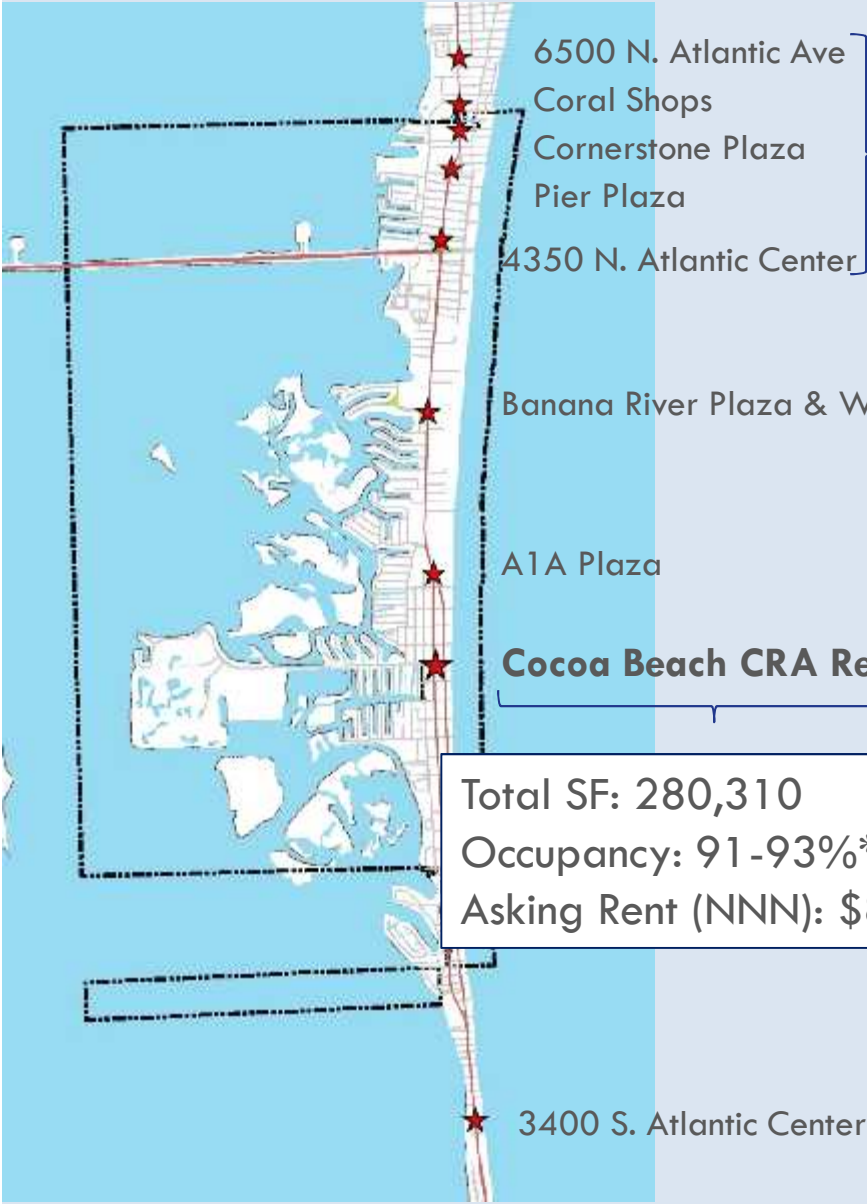
# Cocoa Beach Retail Profile Big Box



Source: Lambert Advisory (08/2010)



# Cocoa Beach Retail Profile



6500 N. Atlantic Ave  
Coral Shops  
Cornerstone Plaza  
Pier Plaza  
4350 N. Atlantic Center

Total SF: 782,685  
Occupancy: 82-86%\*  
Asking Rent (NNN): \$13-\$20

Banana River Plaza & White Rose  
A1A Plaza

Total SF: 163,030  
Occupancy: 85-90%\*  
Asking Rent (NNN): \$10-\$18

**Cocoa Beach CRA Retail**

Total SF: 280,310  
Occupancy: 91-93%\*  
Asking Rent (NNN): \$8-\$12

**Merritt Island**  
Total SF: 3,045,193  
Occupancy: 90-92%\*  
Asking Rent (NNN): \$9-\$22

3400 S. Atlantic Center

Total SF: 30,943  
Occupancy: 90-93%\*  
Asking Rent (NNN): \$8-\$12

# Cocoa Beach Retail



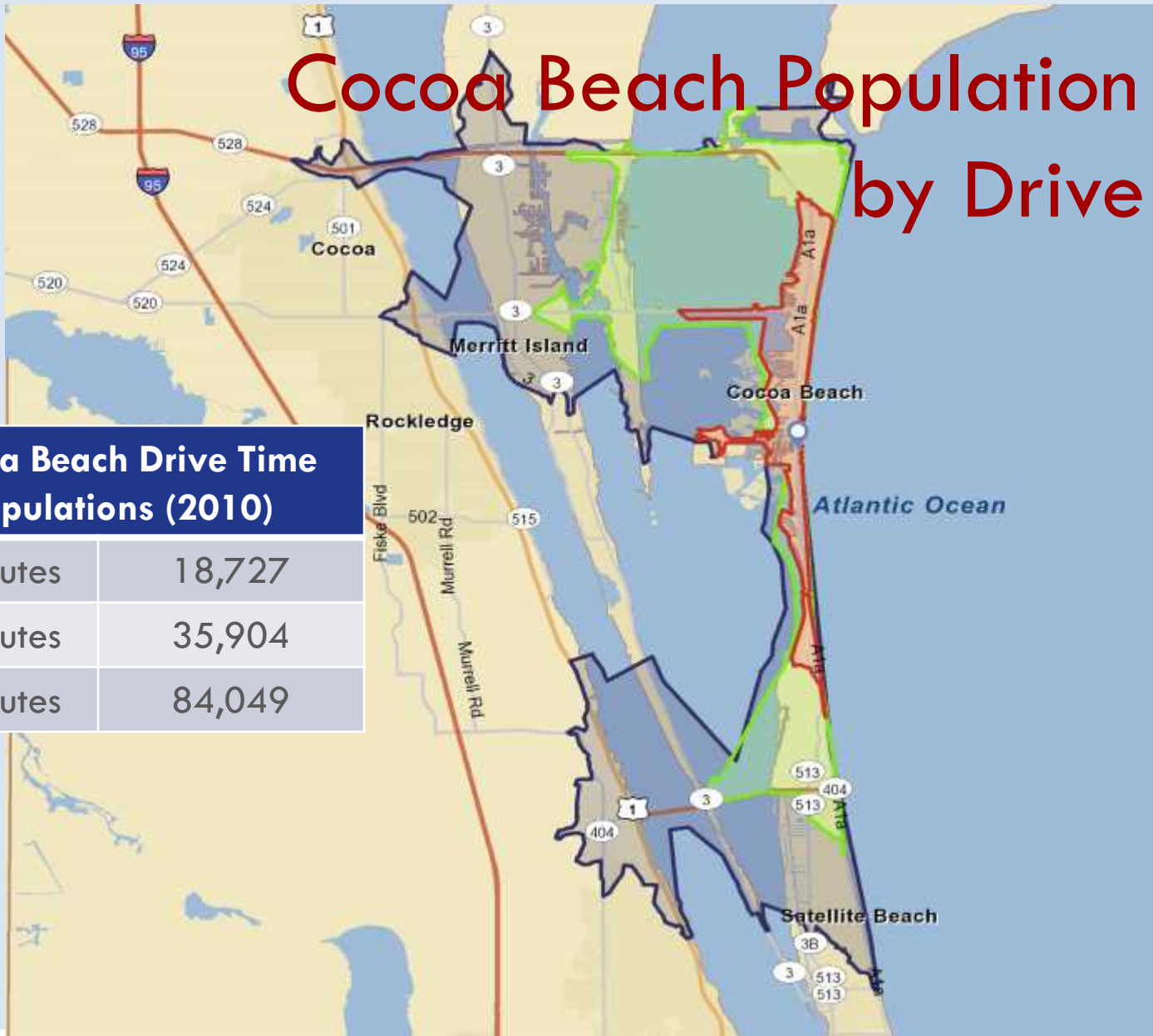
| Retail Use             | Inside CRA    | Outside CRA    | Total          |
|------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| Specialty/Healthy Food | 3,700         | 11,000         | 14,700         |
| Bakery                 | 1,800         | 0              | 1,800          |
| Beach Wear             | 2,000         | 79,245         | 81,245         |
| Kitchen/Bath/Interiors | 5,247         | 0              | 5,247          |
| Art Studio/Gallery     | 18,426        | 0              | 18,426         |
| Fitness/Wellness       | 19,643        | 24,036         | 43,679         |
| Salon/Beauty           | <u>12,303</u> | <u>11,320</u>  | <u>23,623</u>  |
| <b>Total</b>           | <b>63,119</b> | <b>125,601</b> | <b>188,720</b> |

# Retail Survey Notes

## (Conversation with Industry Reps)

- Cocoa Beach retail in decline for past several years
- Limited business/merchant organization
- Difficulty finding “identity”
- Limited support for promoting local businesses and events
- Limited walkability
- Limited parking
- Limited connectivity to beach

# Cocoa Beach Population Base by Drive Time



## Cocoa Beach Drive Time Populations (2010)

|            |        |
|------------|--------|
| 10 Minutes | 18,727 |
| 15 Minutes | 35,904 |
| 20 Minutes | 84,049 |

Source: ESRI  
(08/2010)



# Summary “Gap” Model

| Type                               | 10 Minute    | Surplus/<br>Leak % | 20 Minute     | Surplus/<br>Leak % |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| Total Retail Trade                 | \$90,226,168 | 27%                | \$116,271,208 | 6%                 |
| Total Food & Drink                 | \$24,594,198 | 25%                | \$46,144,735  | 13%                |
| Total Retail Trade &<br>Food/Drink | \$65,631,979 | 15%                | \$162,386,943 | 7%                 |

# Cocoa Beach Retail Demand (5 Years)

|   | 2010                 | 2015                 | Change              |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Estimated Population                          | 18,727               | 20,274               | 1,547               |
| Per Capita Income                             | \$31,500             | \$34,779             | \$3,279             |
| <b>Total Retail Expenditure Potential</b>     | <b>\$171,071,145</b> | <b>\$204,477,799</b> | <b>\$33,406,654</b> |
| <b>Expenditure Potential by Category</b>      |                      |                      |                     |
| Food Services & Drinking Places               | \$24,475,174         | \$29,254,669         | \$4,779,495         |
| Shoppers Goods                                | \$31,545,107         | \$37,657,223         | \$6,112,116         |
| Convenience Goods                             | \$47,525,476         | \$56,806,218         | \$9,280,742         |
| <b>Sales per Square Foot by Category</b>      |                      |                      |                     |
| Food Services & Drinking Places               | \$350                | \$350                |                     |
| Shoppers Goods                                | \$269                | \$269                |                     |
| Convenience Goods                             | \$321                | \$321                |                     |
| <b>Supportable Square Footage by Category</b> |                      |                      |                     |
| Food Services & Drinking Places               | 69,929               | 83,585               | 13,656              |
| Shoppers Goods                                | 117,435              | 140,429              | 22,994              |
| Convenience Goods                             | 154,356              | 184,498              | 30,143              |
| <b>Total Supportable Retail Space</b>         | <b>341,720</b>       | <b>408,512</b>       | <b>66,792</b>       |

# Retail Market Highlights

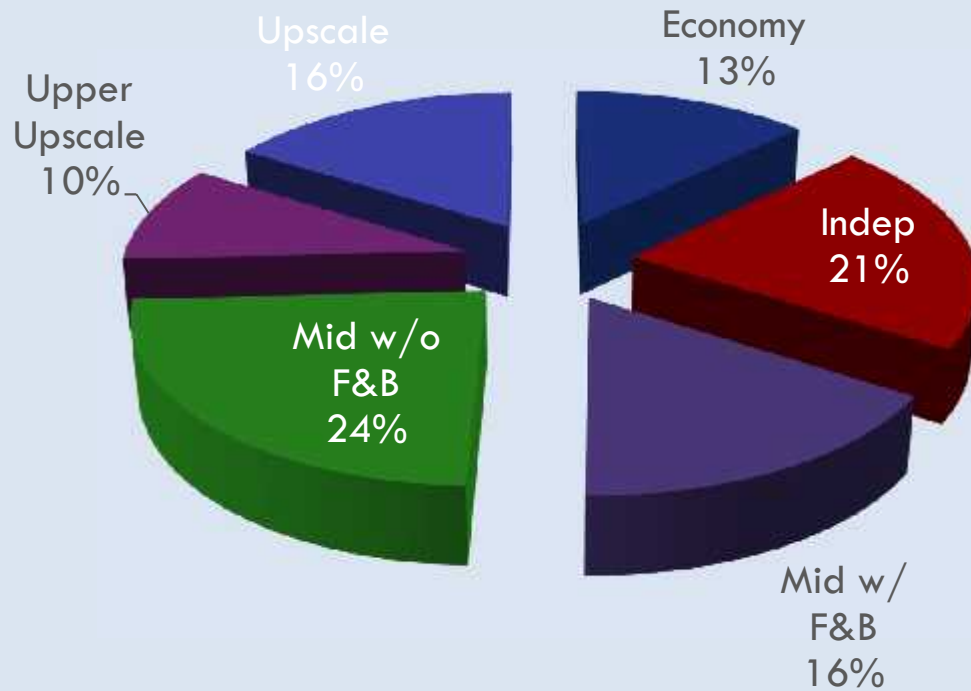
- Cocoa Beach retail defined by:
  - Modest local population density
  - Very strong day-trip visitor
  - Solid support from overnight visitor
- Retail performance in Downtown area lagging from physical, operation/marketing limitations
- Strong opportunity during next 5<sub>±</sub> years for Downtown/CRA to reposition retail:
  - Focus on food and beverage demand
  - Moderate share of shoppers and convenience goods; particularly niche goods

# Hotel Market Overview



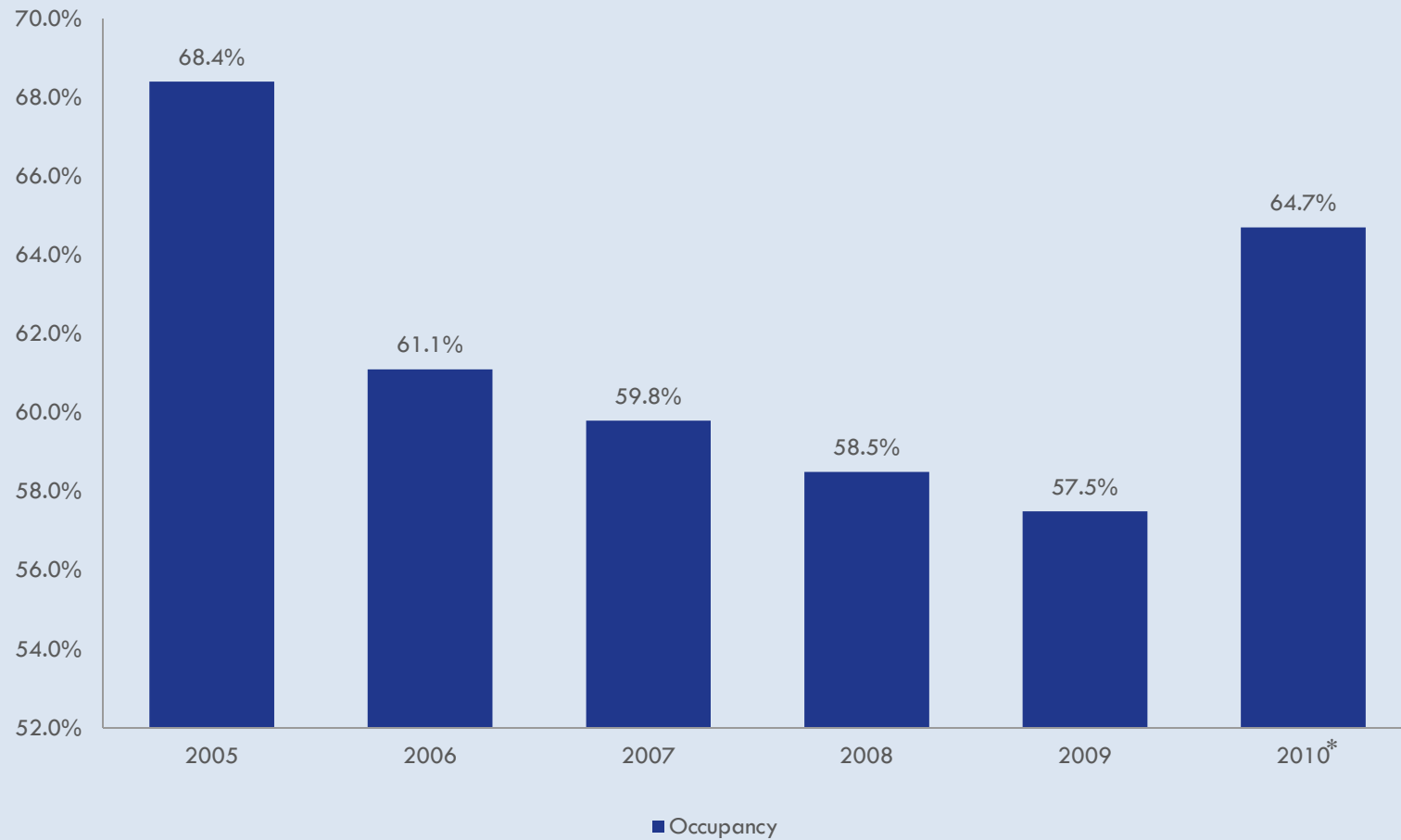
# Brevard County Hotel Inventory

(4,600± Rooms)



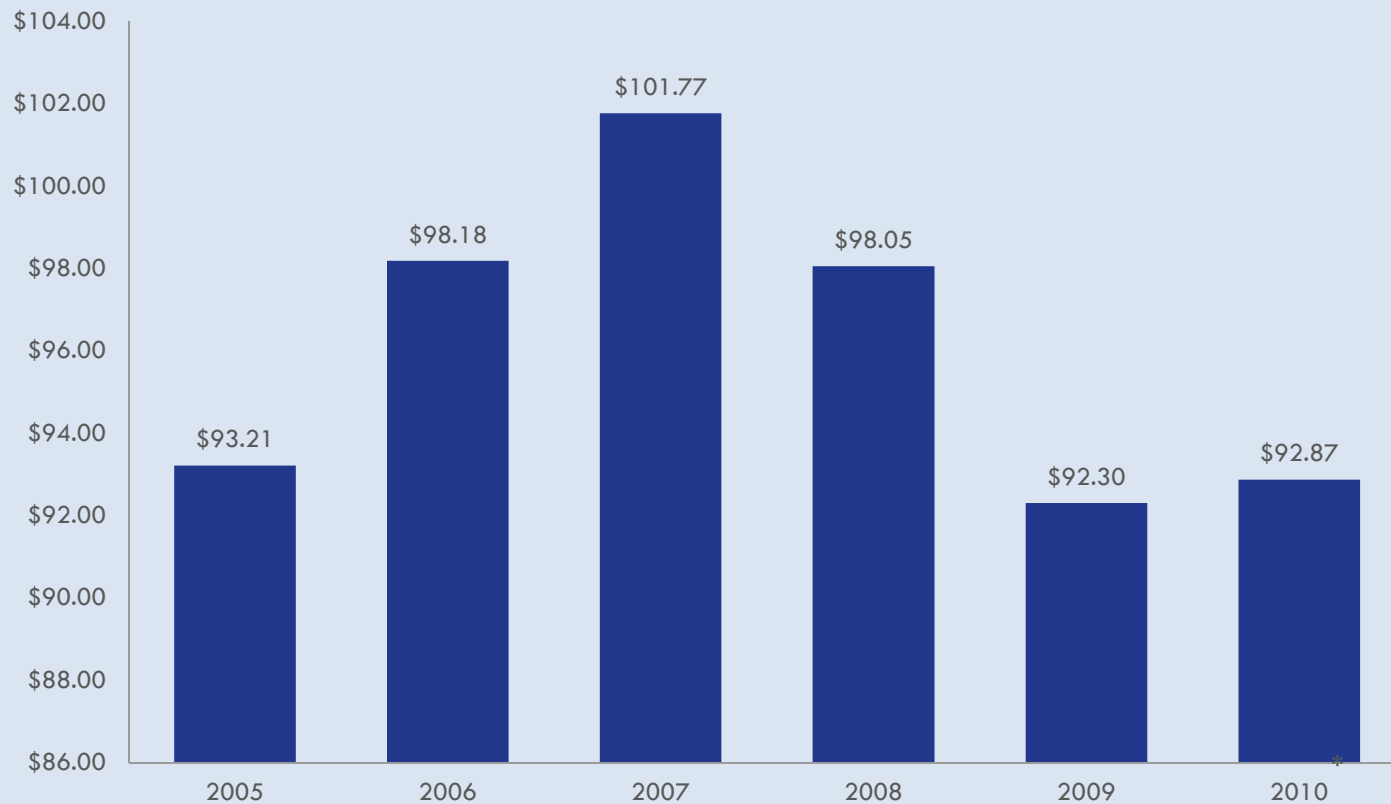
| Class         | Rooms |
|---------------|-------|
| Economy       | 588   |
| Independent   | 967   |
| Mid w/ F&B    | 749   |
| Mid w/o F&B   | 1,086 |
| Upscale       | 736   |
| Upper Upscale | 444   |

# Overall Hotel Occupancy Trends



Source: Brevard County TDC  
(08/2010)  
\*Through (06/2010)

# Hotel Average Daily Rate Trends



Source: Brevard County TDC  
(08/2010)  
\*Through (06/2010)

# Cocoa Beach Hotel Inventory



Source: Lambert Advisory



## Cocoa Beach Current Hotel Performance (based upon survey)

|                           |                |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Average Daily Rate</b> | <b>\$114</b>   |
| <b>Annual Occupancy</b>   | <b>72%</b>     |
| <b>Peak</b>               | <b>84%-89%</b> |
| <b>Off-peak</b>           | <b>52%-56%</b> |
|                           |                |

### Demand Segmentation:

- 70% Leisure (15-20% of which is pre/post cruise)
  - significant family
- 30% Group (50% SMERF, 10% conference)

# Hotel Market Highlights

- Region hotel occupancy average low- to mid-60%, with ADR below \$100 past 5 years
  - Cocoa Beach roughly 15-20 $\pm$ % stronger in occupancy and rate
- Cocoa Beach hotel demand supplemented by vacation ownership rentals
- Opportunity to support one or two small boutique hotels
  - 50 to 100 room hotel(s) to anchor DT

# Case Study



# Case Study – Downtown Melbourne

- Downtown Melbourne CRA designated in 1982
- Initial development efforts included:
  - Improvement to streets, lighting, streetscape
  - Parking (through acquisition), small parks
- On-going effort to maintain/upgrade streetscape
- Very strong Merchants Association through notable effort to be designated Florida Main Street
  - Encourage events, festivals
- City encourage investment through public/private partnership redevelopment

# Case Study – Daytona Beach Shores

- Small, retiree population with solid demographics that is served by surrounding 7.7M visitors
  - 4,500 residents; \$54K HH Income
- City adopted Master Plan comprising mix of residential, retail, medical office, and parks
- Master Plan highlights include:
  - Pedestrian-friendly open air shopping center
  - Senior housing with Wellness Center
  - Beachfront reserved for Hotels, Condos
- Market conditions have slowed process, but chance to move forward as economics stabilize

# Summary Conclusions and Findings

# Conclusion #1: Broadened View

- A core theme to Downtown Cocoa Beach redevelopment process that considers:
  - ▣ Local residents
    - Strong demographic, but modest in size
  - ▣ Day-trippers
    - 85,000 people within 20 minutes;
    - 2.2 M annual daytrip visitors (County)
  - ▣ Overnight visitors
    - 2.3 M overnight visitors (County)
    - 1,500 hotel rooms on Cocoa Beach

## Conclusion #2: Maintain & Build Upon Identity

- Cocoa Beach has history and personalities
  - From Space Coast executive enclave to lively beach environment
- Redevelopment plan sets forth guidelines for managing and regulating activity
  - Physical improvements to promote visitation
  - Regulatory improvements to encourage and control lively beach and downtown environment



## Conclusion #3:

### Enhance Downtown/CRA Business Environment

- No sense of place
  - ▣ No identifiable Downtown, but a core area exists
  - ▣ Addressed through physical planning efforts
- No merchants voice
  - ▣ Merchants Associations are prevalent in successful districts from *Miracle Mile* to *Downtown Melbourne*
- Perception that City lacks support for redevelopment
  - ▣ Ranging from events to physical (tenant) improvements

# Conclusion #4: Retail Repositioning Supports Near-term Redevelopment

- Retail reposition as opposed to adding supply
  - Supply side: Downtown Cocoa Beach rents limit opportunity for investment
  - Demand: “Leakage” for certain types of goods; primarily related to specialty/niche retail
- Demand for 55 - 70,000 sq.ft. of retail demand next 5± years
  - Downtown can capture a portion of this demand to support redevelopment
  - Strong effort to promote food & beverage places

# Conclusion #5: Broaden Uses & Activity Base

- Small, boutique hotel
  - ▣ 50-100 units to anchor downtown
  - ▣ Incentive may be required to support economics
- Need to consider expanding entertainment and activity in CRA and Downtown area
  - ▣ Day spa
  - ▣ Organized water/beach activities
  - ▣ Nighttime entertainment
- Capitalize on existing arts community
  - ▣ Galleries, live-work space

## Conclusion #6: The Focus is Core, Effect Will Spread

- The market is defined
  - ▣ The demand and/or desire for large scale development doesn't exist
- Starting at critical center point ("Main & Main")
  - ▣ Existing base of business/cluster
- Physical planning initiatives needed to promote redevelopment
- Small steps in a concentrated area can gain rapid momentum

# Conclusion #7: City Support & Promotion

- The City needs to be very proactive
  - The redevelopment plan should outline organization structure and needs
- Community/stakeholder involvement
  - Through organized entity (Association)
  - Leverage on aggregated marketing efforts
- Funding incentives will be required to implement near term redevelopment
  - Create a strategy for structuring incentives
    - Starting with food & beverage places, niche retail

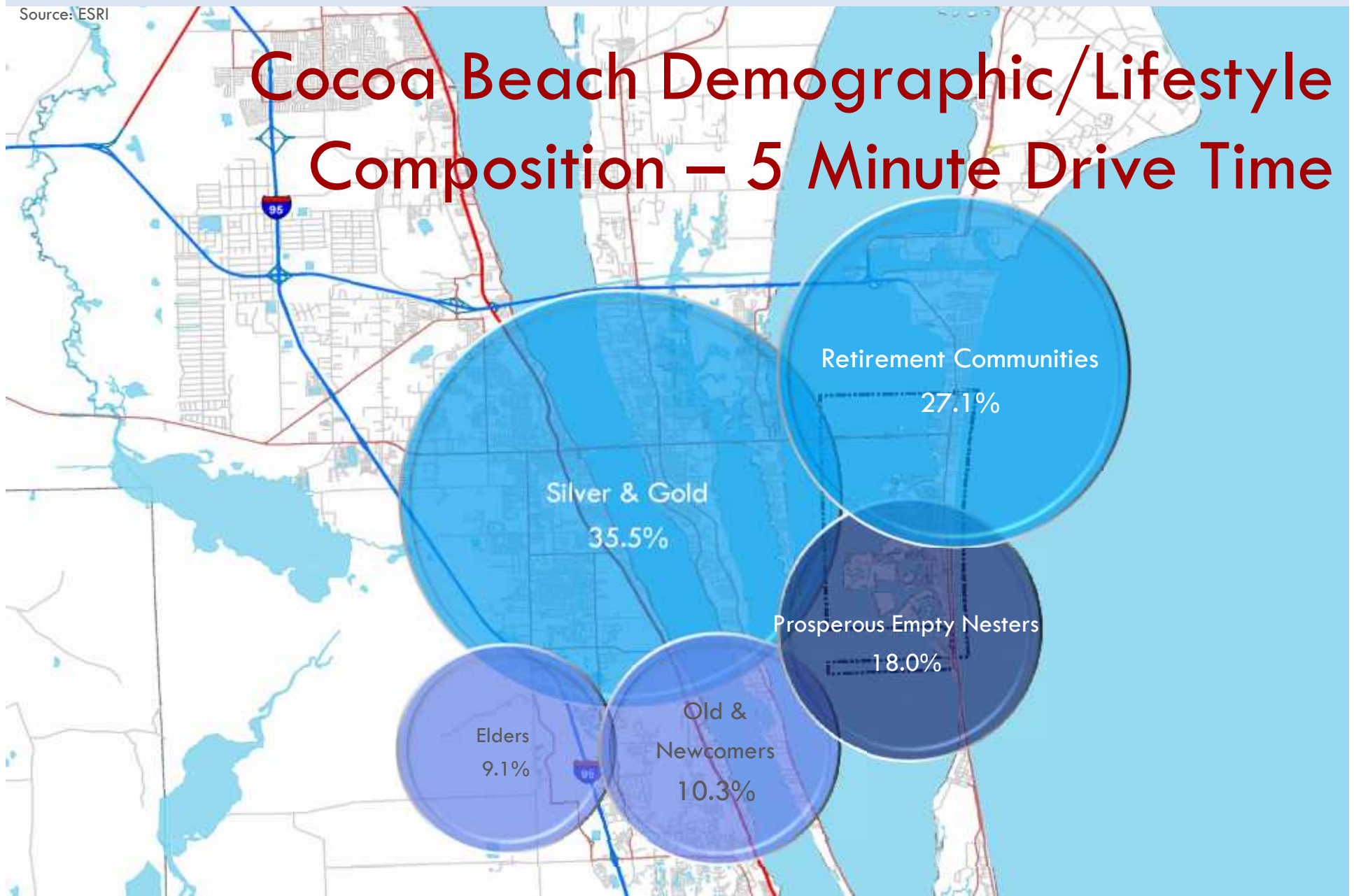
City of Cocoa Beach CRA  
Economic & Market Assessment  
(Downtown Cocoa Beach Vision Plan)



NON PRESENTATION SLIDES  
(Support For Question & Answer)

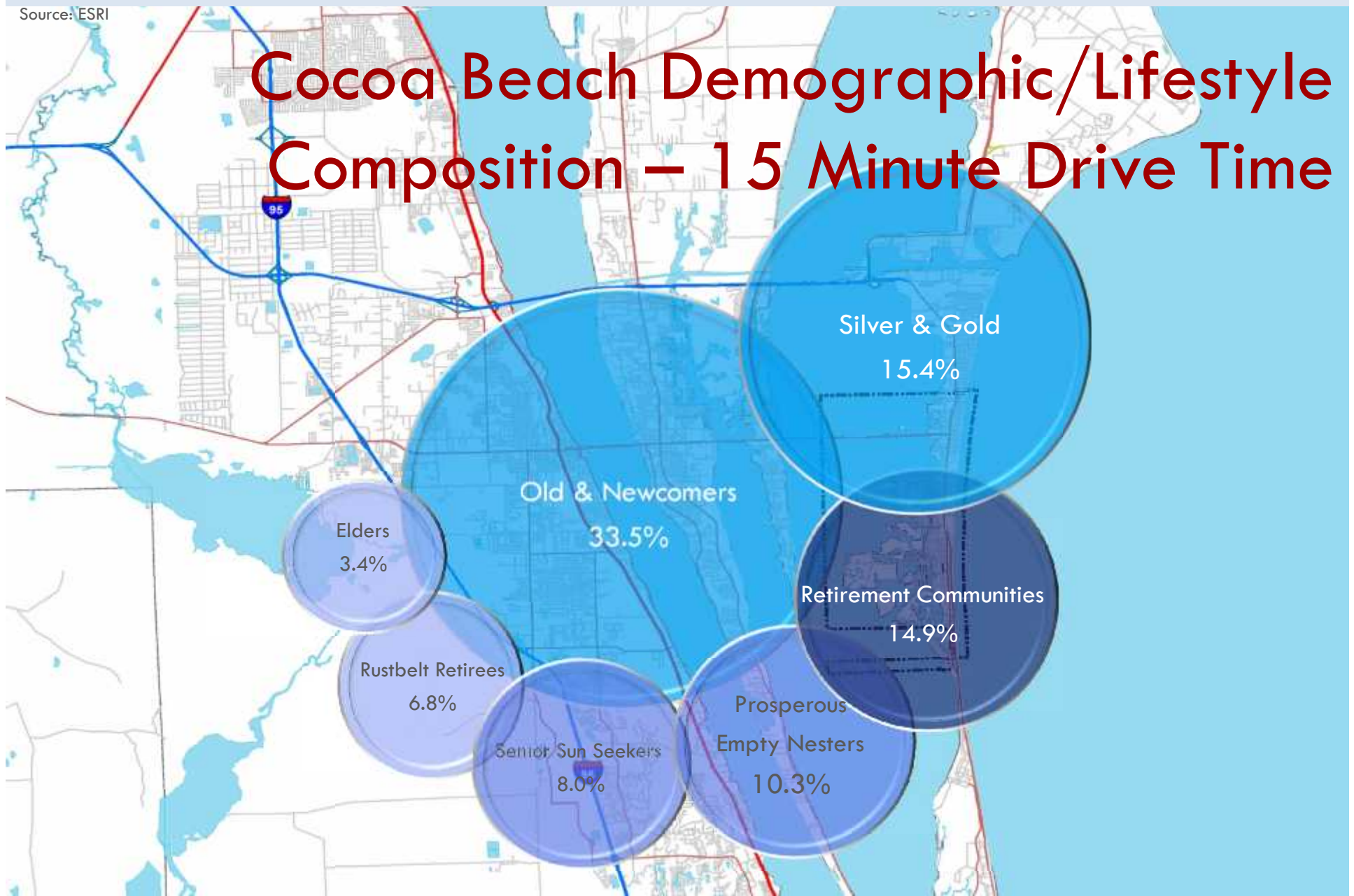


# Cocoa Beach Demographic/Lifestyle Composition – 5 Minute Drive Time





# Cocoa Beach Demographic/Lifestyle Composition – 15 Minute Drive Time



Source: Lambert Advisory; ESRI

# Supply/Demand "Gap" Model

## Summary Demographics

|                               |          |
|-------------------------------|----------|
| 2010 Population               | 18,727   |
| 2010 Households               | 9,781    |
| 2010 Median Disposable Income | \$39,129 |
| 2010 Per Capita Income        | \$31,859 |

## Industry Summary

|  | Demand<br>(Retail Potential) | Supply<br>(Retail Sales) | Retail Gap<br>(Demand - Supply) | Surplus / Leakage<br>Factor | Number of<br>Businesses |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Total Retail Trade and Food & Drink (NAICS 44-45, 722) | \$251,152,508                | \$185,520,529            | \$65,631,979                    | 15.0                        | 256                     |
| Total Retail Trade (NAICS 44-45)                       | \$213,396,368                | \$123,170,200            | \$90,226,168                    | 26.8                        | 146                     |
| Total Food & Drink (NAICS 722)                         | \$37,756,140                 | \$62,350,329             | -\$24,594,189                   | -24.6                       | 110                     |

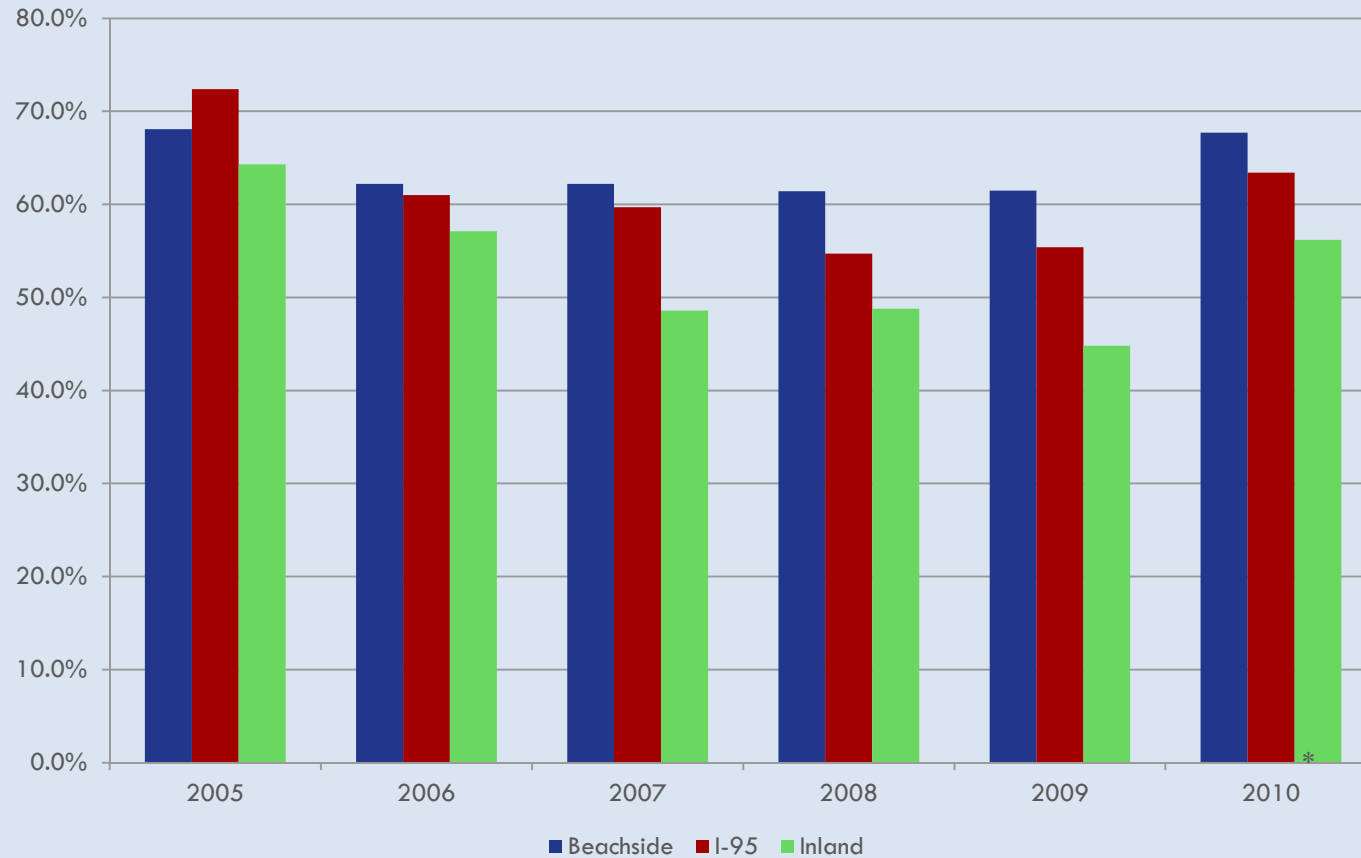
| Industry Group  | Demand<br>(Retail Potential) | Supply<br>(Retail Sales) | Retail Gap   | Surplus / Leakage<br>Factor | Number of<br>Businesses |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers (NAICS 441)                   | \$53,079,605                 | \$2,998,894              | \$50,080,711 | 89.3                        | 6                       |
| Automobile Dealers (NAICS 4411)                             | \$45,561,003                 | \$304,758                | \$45,256,245 | 98.7                        | 1                       |
| Other Motor Vehicle Dealers (NAICS 4412)                    | \$4,319,948                  | \$1,802,528              | \$2,517,420  | 41.1                        | 3                       |
| Auto Parts, Accessories, and Tire Stores (NAICS 4413)       | \$3,198,654                  | \$891,608                | \$2,307,046  | 56.4                        | 2                       |
| Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores (NAICS 442)             | \$7,102,952                  | \$5,422,719              | \$1,680,233  | 13.4                        | 7                       |
| Furniture Stores (NAICS 4421)                               | \$5,280,763                  | \$713,661                | \$4,567,102  | 76.2                        | 2                       |
| Home Furnishings Stores (NAICS 4422)                        | \$1,822,189                  | \$4,709,058              | -\$2,886,869 | -44.2                       | 5                       |
| Electronics & Appliance Stores (NAICS 443/NAICS 4431)       | \$5,842,507                  | \$2,975,989              | \$2,866,518  | 32.5                        | 7                       |
| Bldg Materials, Garden Equip. & Supply Stores (NAICS 444)   | \$9,777,045                  | \$6,043,331              | \$3,733,714  | 23.6                        | 21                      |
| Building Material and Supplies Dealers (NAICS 4441)         | \$9,527,968                  | \$6,043,331              | \$3,484,637  | 22.4                        | 21                      |
| Lawn and Garden Equipment and Supplies Stores (NAICS 4442)  | \$249,077                    | \$0                      | \$249,077    | 100.0                       | 0                       |
| Food & Beverage Stores (NAICS 445)                          | \$41,037,104                 | \$36,472,754             | \$4,564,350  | 5.9                         | 14                      |
| Grocery Stores (NAICS 4451)                                 | \$38,903,132                 | \$33,152,169             | \$5,750,963  | 8.0                         | 7                       |
| Specialty Food Stores (NAICS 4452)                          | \$1,024,732                  | \$234,308                | \$790,424    | 62.8                        | 2                       |
| Beer, Wine, and Liquor Stores (NAICS 4453)                  | \$1,109,240                  | \$3,086,277              | -\$1,977,037 | -47.1                       | 5                       |
| Health & Personal Care Stores (NAICS 446/NAICS 4461)        | \$8,433,556                  | \$11,559,147             | -\$3,125,591 | -15.6                       | 11                      |
| Gasoline Stations (NAICS 447/NAICS 4471)                    | \$35,059,491                 | \$35,878,824             | -\$819,333   | -1.2                        | 9                       |
| Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores (NAICS 448)        | \$7,188,097                  | \$5,982,005              | \$1,206,092  | 9.2                         | 15                      |
| Clothing Stores (NAICS 4481)                                | \$5,694,317                  | \$5,055,340              | \$638,977    | 5.9                         | 10                      |
| Shoe Stores (NAICS 4482)                                    | \$928,609                    | \$343,663                | \$584,946    | 46.0                        | 1                       |
| Jewelry, Luggage, and Leather Goods Stores (NAICS 4483)     | \$565,171                    | \$583,002                | -\$17,831    | -1.6                        | 4                       |
| Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, and Music Stores (NAICS 451)   | \$2,867,788                  | \$3,869,783              | -\$1,001,995 | -14.9                       | 21                      |
| Sporting Goods/Hobby/Musical Instrument Stores (NAICS 4511) | \$1,135,446                  | \$3,468,336              | -\$2,332,890 | -50.7                       | 20                      |
| Book, Periodical, and Music Stores (NAICS 4512)             | \$1,732,342                  | \$401,447                | \$1,330,895  | 62.4                        | 1                       |

DRAFT – For Discussion  
Purposes Only

Supply/Demand Analysis (ESRI)

Source: Varga Research; \*Through June

# Hotel Occupancy Trends (by Submarket)



Source: Varga Research; \*Through June

# Hotel Average Daily Rate Trends (by Submarket)

